YAEL
TO ALL PARTS OF ISRAEL
Passenger and Parcel Service
TEL AVIV—
—TIVON—
Kiryat Amal
—Nahariya—
and BACK

TUESDAY, AUGUST 19, 1952

THE JERUSALEM POST

PRICE: 75 PRUTA
VOL. XXVIII, No. 7340

DAILY FLIGHTS
to Elath ARKIA

Column One
by David Courtney

IT would be idle to deny a certain waxing of anti-Semitism throughout the world. The Auerbach trial seems to have been conducted in a manner symptomatic of the ugly trend. Conditions of emergency along the length and breadth of Europe, which are the consequence of East-West tension, have provided, especially in Germany and also in such countries as Poland and Hungary, the sultry atmosphere of prejudice and witch-hunt. War and the threat of it have their heroisms but in the main they aggravate the mean and vulgar instincts of mankind; the cold war, and the opportunities it gives to whole communities to evade their civilized responsibilities, is not even an exception; and out of that subsidence of intelligence and decency come anti-Semitism and the other common prejudices of frail minds.

●

THE utterances of General Nagib and Colonel Shishakly are not anti-Semitism in the European and American sense. They are anti-Israel. The Arab armies, and particularly those of Egypt and Syria, were humbled in 1948 by the Haganah and have not forgotten it. Today's bombast is probably a matter of pride and prestige rather than of racial hatred; and of hazy imaginings of reconquest, which are apt to the excessive and emotional nationalisms upon which Arab coup and conspiracy depend. If the threats from Cairo and Damascus are to be taken seriously it is less because of what they now portend than because of the encouragement given them by anti-Semitism in Europe and even America, upon the strength of which some Arab adventurer might well think a "second round" worth risking.

●

THERE is, it would seem, a situation in which anti-Semitism abroad encourages Arab intransigence and Arab intransigence encourages anti-Semitism abroad. Influential American officials and industrial interests whose duty, or profits, fall within Arab territory, not unnaturally are on the side of their hosts and perhaps not unnaturally resent, with them, the existence of the State of Israel. Westernizing beach-head though it may be, instead of accepting the argument that Israel is a stabilizing factor these officials and industrial interests claim that it is an irritant. They have their friends and "lobbies" in Washington and their spokesmen in the press, whose Arabism, whilst not necessarily anti-Semitism, stokes the passions of the anti-Semite and creates a screen of sympathy for such threats as come out of Cairo, Damascus and Bagdad. Indirectly, they do what is perhaps worse: they help to create the occasion for incidents like the Auerbach trial.

●

ANTI-Semitism in the Communist countries is, of course, hopelessly outside the influence of the West; but anti-Semitism in the West, and its anti-Israel variant, which lead the Arab rulers to believe that they can go on threatening Israel without risking the Western favours they seek, are, or should be, well within the capacity of the two great English-speaking powers to restrain and at length remove. Its restraint and removal are civilized urgencies in themselves. They are also an urgent practical need if the security and stability of the Middle East are to be ensured. There is no reason why the Arabs should make peace with Israel as they can rely upon a wide and influential sympathy abroad, based on prejudice against the Jew and against the State of Israel.

Tel Aviv, August 19.

Sino-Soviet Talks Open in Moscow

MOSCOW, Monday (AP).—The Soviet Union and China started talks today on the international situation and a number of specific issues involving the two countries. Provisions for such a review are laid down in a 30-year treaty which Russia and China signed on February 14, 1950. Chinese President Mao Tse-tung has sent a big delegation here. It is headed by Premier Chou En-lai, who is also Foreign Minister. The return to China of the Chinese Changchung Railway and Port Arthur is obviously one of the main items under discussion.

Under the terms of the treaty, the Chinese Changchung Railway is to be handed over to the full ownership and control of the Chinese Government by the end of this year — or earlier, should there be a peace treaty with Japan. Port Arthur is to be returned to China on the same conditions but it may be used jointly by the USSR and China as a naval base in the event of war. The Status of Port Dairen will also be discussed. The railway concerned is the lifeline of Manchuria and connects China with the USSR.

Agenda Indicated

Subjects to be discussed are indicated by the make-up of the Chinese delegation. In addition to Prime Minister Chou En-lai, other Foreign Affairs experts include the Chairman of China's Financial and Economic Committee, the Deputy Chief of Staff of the People's Revolutionary Military Council, the Commander of Chinese air forces, the Deputy Commander of China's Navy, the Ministers of Heavy Industry and Fuel and the Deputy Ministers of the Machines Industry and Communications.

Mr. V. M. Molotov, Vice-Chairman of the USSR Council of Ministers, two other members of the Politburo, Mr. N. A. Bulganin and Mr. A. I. Mikoyan and Foreign Minister A. Y. Vyshinsky welcomed the Chinese. Minister of Foreign Trade, M. F. Kumykin and Lt.-Gen. P. I. Batitsky, Col.-Gen. M. S. Malinin and Rear-Admiral V. D. Yakovlev were also present.

Emphasis on the Asia angle at the talks was suggested by the foreigners who greeted the Chinese. They included the Burmese Ambassador and the Chargee d'Affaires of India and Afghanistan.

The Chinese-Soviet treaty provides for talks in Article 4, which reads: "Both contracting parties will consult with each other on all important international questions affecting the common interests of the Soviet Union and China, being guided by interests strengthening peace and general security."

In this connection, it is probably obvious that Russia and China want to talk over the general situation in the Far East with special reference to Japan. The Russians have said that the U.S. wants to remilitarize Japan and bring its armed forces into a Pacific alliance in the same way as it is trying to get German units into NATO.

Heavier Communist Pressure in Asia

LONDON, Monday (AP). — Western diplomats expressed the view today that the USSR and China may be planning to apply more pressure against the Allies in Korea, Indo-China and Japan.

Moscow Radio quoted Chinese Prime Minister Chou En-lai as saying that he had come to the Soviet capital "to consolidate further" the political, economic and military links forged between the two countries in their 1950 alliance. That, in the view of Western diplomats in London, may mean that Chou En-lai will call for more credit, goods and arms to supplement the $300m. five-year loan granted by Russia two years ago.

In addition, Russian help may be enlisted to rebuild the industrial and armament-producing potential of Manchuria in view of the heavy drain imposed on the Chinese by the Korean war.

British leaders, including Prime Minister Winston Churchill himself, have been predicting privately for some time that a general switch of Communist pressures is taking place from Europe to the Far East and particularly to Japan. They were reinforced in their belief when Marshal Stalin last month was reported to have told Pietro Nenni, the Italian Socialist leader, that he thought Japan must now be considered as one of the main local points in the East-West struggle. The other was said to be Germany.

West Chooses Izmir As South-East H.Q.

PARIS, Monday (UP). — The Supreme Allied Headquarters today announced the selection of the Turkish communication centre of Izmir as headquarters for the newly-established Southeastern Europe Command.

General Matthew Ridgway's Staff here also announced the new interim air headquarters to cover the vital eastern approaches to the Mediterranean will be set up at Salonika, Greece. Later a full-dress Southeastern Air Headquarters will be established near Izmir, south of the strategic Dardanelles through which Soviet submarines would have to sail into the Mediterranean.

No date for the establishment of the Izmir H.Q. was disclosed but Allied authorities said work would get under way to set up the organization, which is to control all Greek and German land forces, as soon as possible after the arrival of Lt.-Gen. William Wyman, who will direct the operation. The temporary air headquarters at Salonika are under the direction of Gen. Ridgway's Southern Air Commander, Maj.-Gen. David Schlatter, whose base is at Florence, Italy.

Gen. Ridgway, meanwhile, today flew to Frankfurt for further discussions with Gen. Thomas Handy, his deputy for U.S. troops in Europe.

Germans Won't Fight Civil War, Bishop Says

BERLIN, Monday (UP). — Bishop Otto Dibelius, titular head of the German Protestant Church, said yesterday Germans would not fight against each other in an East-West war.

He told a crowd of 20,000 in West Berlin's Waldbuehne Stadium: "The German people will never consider the other half of a split nation as enemy territory and will never take up arms against brothers in the other half."

Lavon Confirmed as Minister, P.M. to Act in Place of Pinkas

Jerusalem POST Reporter

By 54 votes to 37, the Knesset yesterday confirmed the appointment of Mr. Pinhas Lavon to the Cabinet as Minister without Portfolio. He is to fill the gap left in the Cabinet by the late Eliezer Kaplan. The House also heard the Prime Minister, Mr. David Ben Gurion, announce that he was temporarily assuming the Communications portfolio since no replacement for the late. David Zvi Pinkas would be chosen before the expiry of the 30-day mourning period.

In announcing the Cabinet decision to co-opt Mr. Lavon, the Prime Minister disclosed that Mr. Lavon had made it a condition that he should not be given a specific portfolio. He will undertake special missions from time to time at the direction of the Prime Minister.

The vote on the confirmation of Mr. Lavon's appointment was a clear split between the coalition and the opposition. Mr. Hannan Rubin (Mapam), Mr. Yosef Saphir (General Zionist), Dr. Arieh Altman (Herut) and Mr. Meir Wilner (Communists) all made it clear that their opposition was not motivated by objections to Mr. Lavon personally. Mr. Pinhas Rosen (Progressive) paid a warm tribute to the new Minister. All the opposition speakers said they were against the entire structure of the Government.

Mr. Rosen renewed his plea for a broadened coalition, stating that with the deaths of Mr. Kaplan and Mr. Pinkas the Government was weaker than ever. In reply, the Mapai whip, Mr. Akiva Govrin, said the Knesset platform was not the proper place for negotiations for broadening the coalition.

In his opening remarks, Mr. Ben Gurion said that he felt a sense of "shame and blame" in that three colleagues in the Government, all younger than he, had died in the past 18 months. He was referring to David Remez, Eliezer Kaplan and David Pinkas.

Recalls Association

Mr. Ben Gurion said he had been closely associated with Mr. Pinkas only since he became active in national affairs as chairman of the Security Committee of the Provisional State Council, as chairman of the Finance Committee during the term of the First Knesset and finally as Minister of Communications in the present Government. The deceased, he said, had had the interests of the State of Israel regardless of whether he was in the coalition or the opposition. He had, in fact, been in both camps during that period.

Israel Wins at Chess, Loses Volleyball Tilt

HELSINKI, Monday (UP).—Israel beat Finland 2.5 to 1.5 in the chess tournament here yesterday. The last round of the preliminary contest will begin tomorrow.

MOSCOW, Monday (UP). — The Soviet Union, 1951 European champion, today defeated the Israel volleyball team by three games to nothing in the current competition for the 1952 European volleyball title.

Yugoslav Oarsmen Seek Asylum in Germany

WIESBADEN, Monday (Reuter). — The Hessian Ministry of the Interior said today the Yugoslav Olympic rowing eight asked for political asylum here last Friday.

The Ministry has passed on the request to the Federal Interior Ministry in Bonn which would have to decide.

The Yugoslav team competed against the Floersheim-Ruesselsheim Rowing Club near Frankfurt last week-end and left Ruesselsheim this morning, probably for Nuremburg.

'False Alarm' Wind Slows Korea War

TOKYO, Monday (Reuter). — The typhoon "Kezia," which struck central Korea today and threatened to sweep the battlefront, lost its destructive force as it crossed over mountainous inland country tonight.

Its 130-kilometre an hour winds decreased to half their original speed as the typhoon neared the east coast toward midnight. An alert along the whole 8th Army front which grounded planes and slowed down infantry preparations proved largely a false alarm.

Police Clash With Auerbach Mourners

MUNICH, Monday. — Steel-helmeted German police clashed with a group of demonstrators at Munich's Jewish cemetery tonight after the funeral of Philip Auerbach, former Jewish leader who committed suicide.

According to a police report, a German plain-clothes detective was slightly injured by the demonstrators, described as "young Jewish men."

Police said they used water hoses to disperse the crowd when it tried to march through the streets in an "unlicensed" demonstration.

Some mourners carried banners inscribed "Down with the Nazi Dreyfuss trial" and "Josef Mueller, are you satisfied now?" (Mueller was fired from his post as Bavarian Minister of Justice during the trial).

The clash occurred about half an hour after the end of the graveside ceremonies.

(AP, UP)

'Stability Clause' Last Remaining Hague Issue

THE HAGUE, Monday (INA). — The one remaining issue to be settled in the reparations talks is Israel's demand for a "stability clause" against any loss due to the possible devaluation of German or other currency. The Germans strongly oppose such a written clause, but are said to be proposing an exchange of letters calling for new discussions if there is any considerable change in the value of the mark.

The "New York Times" reports from Wassenaar that included in the lists of reparations goods is oil to the value of $36m. to be bought by Germany in the Sterling area.

The "Netherland Times" reports from Wassenaar that compensation negotiations between Germany and Israel have moved steps nearer to completion with the formulation of recommendations for an agreement with the world Jewish organizations. The West Germans have submitted them to Bonn for approval.

The basis of the recommendations is the programme for improving West German machinery for individual restitution and indemnification. The new plan is described as going further in some respects than the original proposals.

Rain Hampers Flood Area Rescue Work

PLYMOUTH, Monday (Reuter). — Rain beating down on the devastated village of Plymouth and other deluged parts of Devon and Somerset today hampered rescue workers in the mud-covered debris in which 13 bodies have been found. Another 20 persons are still missing.

Damage is expected to reach at least £1m., including £200,000 for road and wall repair.

Queen Elizabeth and her husband, the Duke of Edinburgh, will join thousands of Britons in sending donations to the relief appeal.

Minister of Local Government Harold Macmillan will visit the flood areas tomorrow to confer with local representatives on further Government aid.

Greek Opposition Chiefs Demand New Elections

ATHENS, Monday (UP). — Opposition leaders demanded immediate new elections today in an extraordinary session of Parliament called to decide the fate of Premier General Nicholas Plastiras' coalition Government.

General Alexander Papagos, whose Greek Rally barely missed winning an absolute majority in the last election 11 months ago, led the demands and also attacked the Government's economic and security policies.

King Paul called the session for a vote of confidence in the Plastiras Government after a series of recent switches in allegiance by Deputies made it doubtful the Premier could hold his two-vote majority. The vote is expected to come on Wednesday.

Britain Proposes Talks With Persia On Broader Basis

LONDON, Monday (AP). — Informed officials said today that a British note to Persia has been drafted suggesting that the two countries should discuss the question on a broader basis than that put forward by Mossadegh.

A British offer of a down payment in cash to settle the long disputed Royalties — may be made on behalf of the AIOC to help Mossadegh's government in most acute of its pressing financial commitments.

The British are likely to put forward the suggestion on how the oil industry may be set running again. They are also expected to outline their ideas on the payment of compensation.

IRAN PRESS CONFIRMS

TEHERAN, Monday. — Reports of an impending oil conference between representatives of Britain and Persia appeared in several newspapers here today.

The semi-official "Etelaat" said the biggest topic in local political circles was the "prophecy that oil talks will start in Teheran between the two countries." Informed observers say that for almost a month preparations for the start of negotiations and the Teheran conference have been discussed.

The paper "Keyan" quoted Foreign Minister Navab as saying that "preliminary talks are under way." In any negotiations," he said, "Persia will not take a step outside the framework of the law nationalizing oil."

The Persian Oil Commission, composed of representatives of the Senate and Majlis, is reported to be meeting soon to discuss compensation to the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company, acting on oil in Britain, and the results of the recent Mossadegh-Middleton talk on "clarification" of the Persian note on British claims.

Premier Mohammad Mossadegh today ordered all provincial officials to enforce his new agrarian reforms within 15 days or be dismissed.

Dr. Mossadegh is reported to be recovering from an illness which kept him in bed for four or five days.

(UP, AP)

Syrians Hold 2 Americans For Tape Recordings

BEIRUT, Monday (AP). — Two Americans were arrested by Syrian police on Friday for making tape recordings of the almost extinct Aramaic language in the village of Maloula, just north of Damascus.

After 24 hours, the pair were released and warned by Syrian security officials.

The two scholars are Dr. Bradford Hudson, Associate Professor of Psychology at Rice University, Houston, Texas, and Mr. Hall Winslow, until recently Instructor of English at the American University at Beirut.

The Maloula Aramaic dialect is the same as that supposedly spoken by Christ.

Nagib to Introduce Military Training of Egypt's Students

CAIRO, Monday (Reuter).—General Mohammed Nagib today promised introduction of military training for Egypt's university and secondary school students. He told a meeting of students here that a programme of extensive military training for students would come into force shortly.

Mustafa Khamisa, a young clerk, was sentenced to hang by a military court today for leading last week's riots which wrecked the Misr textile mills at Kafr el-Dawar, north of Alexandria. He is the first of 29 defendants to be sentenced.

As the sentence was announced to workers in the courtyard ,General Nagib, Commander-in-Chief, warned that Egypt's armed forces would do away with all traitors.

The military court today asked Dr. Hafez Afifi, former chief of the Royal Cabinet, to explain his "secret visit" to the mill before the riots broke out. Afifi's brother is one of the plant's top directors.

Mohammed Gamal, the managing director who gave evidence yesterday, was arrested during the night.

Egypt's leaders met today to discuss the land reform plan put forward by Nagib last week under which land ownership would be limited to 80 hectares and large estates would be divided and sold to landless peasants.

Prime Minister Ali Maher said that a subcommittee will report on Wednesday on the plan.

Addressing artillery and anti-aircraft infantry troops today, Nagib said that the splitting up of the large estates was "not Communism but social justice."

"We take from those who have plenty to give and give to those who have nothing. How are we giving it away to fellaheen, we are selling it to them."

He said that some men "who possess huge fortunes are meddling with their ideology to jeopardize our movement. Whoever loves his wealth more than his country dies and deserves to live among us."

Ben Gurion Tells Nagib Accord Could Aid Egypt

Israel to Protest To Security Council

Israel has decided to take immediate steps to counter Colonel Shishakly's recent threats against Israel as published in the press, the Ministry for Foreign Affairs announced last night.

A meeting of the Israel-Syrian Mixed Armistice Commission will be demanded and the Foreign Ministry will immediately call the attention of the U.N. Chief of the Truce Supervision Organization, General William Riley, to the serious violation of the armistice agreement which explicitly forbids the use of threats.

The Ministry will also instruct its permanent U.N. delegate, Mr. Abba Eban, to protest strongly to the U.N. and the Security Council against the Syrian dictator's proclamation.

Mid-East Command Open to Arabs

POST Diplomatic Correspondent

I understand that the terms of a plan for a Middle East Command circulated by the Government of the United Kingdom among the other sponsoring powers clearly provide for the participation of the Arab States. Reports indicating that the proposals were for a kind of intermediate organization, which the Arabs might join at some future date if they felt like it, gave a wrong impression of what is intended.

Whilst it appears to be true that immediate Arab partnership is not foreseen, it would now seem that the scheme as a whole has been designed on the assumption that Arab participation is essential.

There would also seem to have been no truth in reports indicating American opposition to the British proposals. As far as can be learned here, no important differences exist between London and Washington concerning the form of the command as set out in the British proposals. Once again, of course, reports of the "Gaza solution" to the Anglo-Egyptian dispute have had to be denied. It is a fair guess that there will be no solution involving the abandonment by Britain of her bases in the Suez Canal Zone, whatever modifications of the present status may ultimately be agreed upon.

Egyptians Balance Budget at I.E.206m.

CAIRO, Monday (Reuter). — Egypt has balanced her 1952-53 budget in spite of unforeseen expenditure on increased army pay and a new motorized police force to combat Communism and Zionism. The budget, delayed for seven weeks by the recent military coup, was published last night. A balance is achieved at I.E.206m.

Main items on the expenditure are I.E.44m. for national economy, I.E.37.6m. dfence and I.E.26.9m. for education.

In a covering note Finance Minister Abdul Galil el-Emary explained that owing to the heavy burden of increasing deficits from previous budgets now amounting to I.E.40.1m. it was imperative to curtail expenditure.

Expenditure Listed

The principal unforeseen items of expenditure: I.E.4m. for fighters withdrawn from the Suez Canal Zone in the boycott of the British forces which led to terrorism and bloodshed earlier this year; I.E.4m. for improved pay for government employees, as compared with I.E.1m. last year; I.E.2m. to cover the recent pay increases for privates and non-commissioned officers of the armed forces; I.E.3m. more than last year for the cost of living bonus, and I.E.100,000 for the new motorized police forces.

The new motorized police force is to be organized under a State Security Department and will use armoured cars to protect the country against "subversive activities" — mainly Communism and Zionism — the Interior Ministry announced earlier today.

Sees Hope for Peace with Arabs

By Moshe Brilliant, POST Parliamentary Correspondent

Premier David Ben Gurion said in the Knesset yesterday that Israel had no quarrel with Egypt and he told the Egyptian dictator, General Mohammed Nagib, that cooperation with Israel would help Egypt overcome its political and social problems, and strengthen its international status. He then answered the Syrian dictator, Colonel Adib Shishakly, who last week threatened to wipe Israel off the map, and warned, "Damascus is no farther from Galilee than Galilee is from Damascus."

Mr. Ben Gurion's conciliatory references to the Egyptian dictator evoked protests from the Communists, who said he was preparing public opinion for an anti-Soviet pact with General Nagib. But Mr. Ben Gurion said categorically that peace was no nearer than before and that the new Egyptian Government had given no indication that they wanted to rectify the wrongs of Farouk.

Urges Vigilance

"Perhaps," he said, "the new Egyptian rulers are now concentrating upon consolidating their authority at home. This transition period in Egypt is full of possibilities, both favourable and unfavourable, and we must watch the situation vigilantly."

Mr. Ben Gurion welcomed some of the developments in Egypt. He said he accepted General Nagib's statement that he and friends in the Army had opposed the Egyptian invasion of Israel, which Mr. Ben Gurion described as "undoubtedly one of the most reckless and irresponsible blunders perpetrated by the Egyptian rulers four years ago."

Mr. Ben Gurion went on to say that then and now there were no grounds for quarrels between Egypt and Israel. A big desert separated the two countries, and there was no basis for territorial disputes. There were no reasons for political, economic and territorial conflicts.

"We have no enmity against Egypt for what was done to our ancestors in the time of Pharoah and not even for what was done four years ago," he said. "We have shown our good will to Egypt — because it never occurred to us to exploit her quarrel with a great power by attacking her and seeking revenge."

Shishakly Led Attacks

Turning to Col. Shishakly, Mr. Ben Gurion said that unlike Nagib he had not opposed the invasion of Israel, but had actually led the attack and barely saved his neck. Perhaps, he said, the recent threats by the Syrian dictator were designed for internal consumption, but Israel could not afford to be complacent.

"Most of the United Nations, both in the West and in the East, want peace between us and the Arabs because peace in the Middle East will improve peace in the world, and advance the economic, social and cultural development of the peoples in this area. Cooperation between Israel and the Arab peoples would be a great blessing to the two Semitic nations which history forced to live together. It will strengthen the real independence of the Arab States," he said.

Still, he declared, there was no peace. The only stable forces in the Middle East were Israel and Turkey. The confused and electric atmosphere was so explosive that

(Continued on Page 5 — Col. 7)

Cut in Reserve Service Proposed

The main change in the Security Services Law, introduced by the Prime Minister yesterday, provides for the extension by six months of the period of service for men. Men aged 18 to 26 will serve 30 months and those 27 to 29 two years.

Mr. Ben Gurion also disclosed that the reserves would be cut down and civilian employees would be dismissed for retrenchment reasons. After the manoeuvres are over, he said, reserve duty would be reduced from one month a year to one month every two years, except for certain technicians.

Another contemplated amendment was that immigrants who served two years in their countries of origin would be required to serve only three or six months basic training and would then be put into the Reserves.

Other amendments introduced yesterday were:

1) Youths wishing to resume studies at the age of 26 will be permitted to start their military service at the age of 17 and a half provided they have their parents' consent.
2) Physicians might be called up for two years if they are not yet 34 and for one year if they are not yet 38. The Medical Association has agreed to this.
3) Reserve duty will end at 44 instead of 49 except for authorities and officers from the rank of Major-Medical. People in these age groups will be assigned to the said prevention organizations.
4) The provisional measure permitting the Defence Minister to put off implementation of the clause providing for agricultural training for recruits would be extended for another year.

With regard to the six-month extension, new immigrants over 27 will not be subject to the measure and those already discharged 18 months of their service would get only shorter extensions.

Salaries for Ministers Tabled by Committee

The Finance Committee of the Knesset yesterday tabled its decisions on salaries for members of the Government.

The Prime Minister will get IL.175 plus IL.100 as a special allowance; the Finance and Foreign Ministers, IL.150 plus IL.100; other Ministers, IL.150 plus IL.70.

In addition, cost-of-living allowances would be paid on the basis of the number of dependants and family allowances of IL.16 for wives and IL.5 for each child.

Upon leaving the Government, Ministers will receive 11 per cent of the aggregate salaries earned during their tenure.

Saudia Joins Arab Security Pact

Saudi Minister Sheikh Abdullah Fadel in Cairo yesterday handed Azzam Pasha, Secretary-General of the Arab League, a ratification document signed by King Ibn Saud on Saudi Arabia's entry into the League's Security Pact, Cairo Radio reported last night.

Saudia is the fifth Arab country to join the pact, the four others being Egypt, Syria, Jordan and Iraq. Yemen and the Lebanon have not yet joined.

AFTER MIDNIGHT

Prince Hamid Ben Fahlevi, brother of the Shah, left Teheran for Europe by plane on Sunday accompanied by his wife and newborn child, it was learned last night. No reason was given for the trip nor was there any hint when they would return.

to Europe or Australia!

IN "SLUMBER LOUNGE" COMFORT

Air Ceylon is the only airline on the direct route to London or Sydney which provides the luxury of full-length "Slumber Lounges." You can count on sleep every night.... and a quiet "40 winks" at any time of the day..... when you travel Air Ceylon.

Fly and Freight with AIR CEYLON

Apply to any authorised travel office.

General Agent:
EL AL Israel Airlines

TEL AVIV: 36 Allenby Rd. Tel. 67189 ★ JERUSALEM: Julius's Way, Tel. 61778 ★ HAIFA: (Shoham) 7—9 Hanamaut St. Tel. 66891

DUBEK 10

Social & Personal

Mayor Ovad Ben Ami, of Netanya, yesterday entertained the visiting doctors who had attended the Medical Congress in Jerusalem, at the "Gan Ha-Ometz" in Netanya. Last night they were received by Dr. Y. Isaacson at Bet Hameiri in Haifa. They are to stay in the North for three days.

The Rector of the Hebrew University and Mrs. Schwabe have returned to Jerusalem after a short vacation.

Mr. A.D. Matalov, Honorary Consul of the Sud Dominican Republic in Israel, returned by TWA yesterday after a short visit to Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. Maurice M. Goodfriend, of Allentown, Pa., arrived yesterday for a two-week visit. They are staying at the King David Hotel in Jerusalem.

Dr. A.B. Minkowsky and Mr. A. Hoffman have returned from Korea Representatives of United Israel Campaign, missions in Scandinavia and the Far East, respectively.

The Jerusalem Branch of the Israel Pharmaceutical Association chose the following committee members at its recent meeting: Messrs. M. Bruckenstein, chairman; A. Schneider, vice-chairman; M. Greenberg, secretary; S. Rieken, treasurer; and Y. Barthal, S. Rabinowitz, and Dr. S. Levi.

Mr. Shlomo Itzhaki left for Turkey yesterday, on behalf of "Hamashkeh," the cooperative industries' marketing company, to represent cooperative enterprises at the Izmir Trade Fair.

Mr. Richard Cohen, Publicity Director of the Joint Distribution Committee in Paris, arrived yesterday for a short visit.

N.Y. BOND SHOW PAYING OFF

Less than four weeks after its opening in New York City's Rockefeller Center, the Israel Exposition has already shown results for participating local industries.

Several firms, including the Tirsiyah furniture manufacturing company in Tel Aviv and the Solza Watch Co. in Jerusalem, reported receipt of inquiries from non-Jewish as well as Jewish firms in America concerning prices of products and export details. Another firm, the Charlotte Gift Shop, Jerusalem, received a number of similar inquiries this week.

An interesting sidelight on the Israel Exposition occurred last week with the arrival here of a non-Jewish American amateur movie photographer. So impressed was he with the display of products at the Exposition that he booked immediate passage to Israel to film the country's industrial development.

IN MEMORIAM
NATHAN D. KAPLAN

The news of the death of Nathan D. Kaplan in Chicago has caused many a Tel Avivian to remember with nostalgia those rich years when the home of Nathan and Miriam Kaplan was the centre of so much of the cultural life in the growing city.

The Kaplans came to Tel Aviv in 1927 when there were very few American settlers in the country. They were good Zionists in the best sense of the word. They wanted for Jews a good, rich life in their own country based on high ethical principles. Their home was an example of simplicity and modesty. They had a deep sense of public responsibility and made friends and created ties for themselves in every walk of life in the Yishuv.

Before settling in Palestine and after leaving the country, Nathan Kaplan was one of the staunch American Zionists. "On the last day of his life," writes his wife, "he went downtown to the Jewish National Fund Office to deliver an article which they asked him to have typed. He had dictated it to me. 'Nathan always wanted to return to Israel,' continues Miriam, 'it was a life dream; it was not to be.'" *I.B.D.*

34 IMMIGRANTS from Poland are due to board the s.s. Arnak for Israel at Naples next Tuesday. Fifteen more are expected to leave on September 9 and another 20 on the 24th.

SHIPS IN HAIFA PORT ON MONDAY

Haifoniche, It., Gen. Cargo. Patricia, B., Gen. Cargo. Tabor, Br., Gen. Cargo. Limra Lagoro, It., Wheat. Arnon, Is., Embarking Passengers. Adir, Is., Gen. Cargo. San Michele, It., Barley. Dr. Vilkenk, It., Gen. Cargo. Peerylion, Dut., Gen. Cargo.

SHIPS EXPECTED

15.8 Valois, French, Pork. Skoogland, Leyden, Mixed Maize, Gen. Cargo.
19.8 Nephele, Lebanese, Gen. Cargo.
22.8 Richard Ingeborg, Iron, Gen. Cargo.
23 Eastkemp, Gen. Cargo.

THE HEBREW NATIONAL
OPERA
TEL AVIV — Habimah
Tonight — 8 p.m.
BEHOVOT — Bet Ha'am
Sunday, Aug. 20 — 8.30 p.m.
TEL AVIV — Habimah
Tuesday, August 22 — 8 p.m.
"Faust"
Opera in 5 Acts by C. F. Gounod
with
MARTIN LAWRENCE
of the Covent Garden Opera in London as Mephisto.
Conductor:
M. GOLDRON, S. PEREL
TEL AVIV — Habimah
Tuesday, Sept. 5 — 8 p.m.
"TALES of HOFFMANN"
Tickets Sold in Advance at Allenby Rd., 1st floor S at the Habimah Box Office.

REVIEW OF OPINION IN YESTERDAY'S PRESS

Shishakly's Threat Should Not Be Belittled or Exaggerated

Military affairs in one form or another were widely commented upon in yesterday's Hebrew press. "Hatzofe" (Hapoel Hamizrahi) says that the latest threat of the Syrian dictator should be neither belittled nor exaggerated. In view of the internal tensions in the Arab countries it is not unthinkable that a military adventure directed against Israel might also serve as a means to let off steam. We should closely watch Western policy towards the Arab countries.

"Hamodia" (Agudat Israel) believes that although the ruling circles in the Arab countries wish to open a second round, they cannot afford it at the present time in view of their domestic difficulties. The paper doubts therefore whether the proposed prolongation of military service would be in our best interest. No country on this side of the Iron Curtain has introduced a longer period of service than 24 months, and it appears that priority should be given at the present time to the necessities of our national economy.

Mr. D. Courtney writes in "Ha'aretz" (Independent) that Mr. Ben Gurion on the one hand and Colonel Shishakly and Nagib on the other exploit each other in order to intrude on civil life and to build powerful armies. This is not the way to peace, affirms Mr. Courtney.

Israel Also Surrounded

"Hador" (Mapai) appearing now in the size of an evening paper, notes the resemblance between the views voiced by Dr. Sneh and Mr. Courtney's equalization of Mr. Ben Gurion and Colonel Shishakly. The paper requests Mr. Courtney to reveal with regard to Israel the same measure of sympathetic understanding he shows toward the military efforts made by Russia, because Israel is certainly, no less than Russia, surrounded by enemies, even if Mr. Courtney believes that this is a demagogical invention, and that the real reason is Mr. Ben Gurion's alleged wish to "militarize" the country.

"Haboker" (General Zionist) says that the demand to prolong military service should be made only if we are certain that everything has already been done to make the army more efficient under present conditions. The paper doubts this, stressing the political pressure within the army as well as the inflation of the administrative apparatus of the Ministry of Defence, and the waste of manpower and means. If the damage done in this respect is repaired, we shall probably not need to prolong the military service requirements.

Youth Movements

"Ha'aretz" continues the discussion about the future of the Bet Hakerem teachers seminary while "Al Hamishmar" (Mapam) criticises the attitude revealed by the Ministry of Education towards several youth movements. The Ministry recognised only democratic youth movements, excluding totalitarian ones, such as fascist and communist; and the paper protests against the definition. It says that in fact only youth movements which support the present Government and the regime will be recognized, and that the intervention of the Government is tantamount to undermining basic democratic rights. This means that youth movements which formerly led a legal existence will now be compelled to adjust themselves to conditions of illegality, because there will be no other way for them.

"Davar" (Histadrut) criticises the Mayor of Tel Aviv for not having done anything about the emergency situation on the vegetable market. The present market was built 18 years ago for a population of 150,000 and it cannot fulfil its function now when the population is several times larger. While the Mayor spends most days of the week in the Knesset in Jerusalem a number of "strong men" have conquered the market and established a monopoly there. "Davar" asks in conclusion why the consumers' organizations do not show initiative in organizing protests.

"Al Hamishmar" began a special first page column headed: "Moscow, 1951: the world's fourth partition in volley ball." The Knesset correspondent of this paper received a permit to visit the Soviet capital — as a volley ball delegate. Among the participants, besides Russia and the People's Democracies, are two or three Western European countries, Lebanon and Israel.

Root of Economic Difficulties Is Low Productivity

POST Economic Correspondent

TWO points are generally stressed as proof that the New Economic Policy has produced results and that we are on the way to economic recovery: firstly that shops and markets are full of fruit and vegetables and the plight of the housewife is thus rendered more bearable, and secondly that the customer has ceased buying blindly what he is offered because prices are too high. It is characteristic of our muddled economic thinking that the two symptoms are so often linked together. They are, in fact, of a very different nature.

The root of all our economic difficulties is low productivity. Every sign which shows bigger production is therefore a sign of genuine economic recovery. The plentiful supply of vegetables and fruit — which does not stem from import — is therefore proof of a real achievement. Old and new settlers have done their share in making more things grow and they have been helped by favourable weather. The fact that prices are very high and therefore prohibitive for the poorer sections of the population is another matter.

Surplus Money 'Mopped Up'

The buyers' strike, however, has been brought about by a lack of money, and this is the result of the fantastic rise in prices which is due in part to the introduction of the three dollar rates and in part to the ever rising C-o-L allowances. Seen from the psychological angle, the reticence of the average customer to buy is a sound sign, because it shows that we are again acquiring some understanding of the value of money. But in itself it is not a sign of economic recovery. The Government, it is true, has "mopped up" a considerable part of the surplus money, thus making the average citizen unable to spend as freely as before. Whether this mopping up will have favourable effects we will know only when the Government begins to put the money back into circulation. There are no signs as yet that the pressure exerted on the purse of the citizen has forced him to increase production.

It must never be forgotten that taking money out of circulation by raising taxes, by forced loans and by making goods more expensive is a purely negative measure and that it will have a salutory effect only in the frame of a comprehensive plan. Such a scheme has recently been published by Mr. Livneh. It is based to a large extent on the application of liberal economic principles and advocates far-reaching abolition of controls — including controls on foreign currency — the balancing of the state budget, abolition of the automatic linking of wages to the cost of living allowance, encouragement of foreign investment and a liberal import policy. The important thing about this plan — there will be differences of opinion as to details — lies in the attempt to arrive at a comprehensive economic policy. Until now attempts for reforms have taken into account only segments of the economic scene, as for instance the NEP which tried to cut the knot of inflation by monetary means alone, only to come up soon against the counter-pressure of the trade unions which achieved the monthly adjustment of the cost of living allowance.

Controls Condemned

One important point — the abolition of the automatic linking of wages to the cost of living allowance—Mr. Livneh proceeds on the same lines as Mr. Hoofien in his speech some weeks back. In others he agrees with the criticism of the adherents of private initiative, especially in his condemnation of government control. The scheme is a sign that in Mapai-circles, too, understanding is growing that the present system of controls has broken down. Mr. Govrin's proposal for the abolition of points for shoes and clothing is another straw in the wind.

A thorough discussion of the Livneh plan could clear up a number of points which are still obscure in economic thinking and force the Government to make up its mind on further steps for economic recovery. It was generally thought that February 13 was the beginning of far-reaching reforms. Then things began to drift again. We should never forget that "mopping up" is only a means to an end and not an end in itself.

NEW RECORD AT HAPOEL SWIM MEET

A new Israel swimming record was created by Esther Vislitzer, of Haifa Hapoel, at the Northern semi-finals of the Hapoel National Swimming Championships, held at Ramat Yohanan on Saturday. The Haifa lass clocked 3 minutes 29.3 seconds in the women's 200 metres breast-stroke to set a new "high."

Over 130 swimmers from 13 Hapoel branches took part in a well organised programme which got through 30 events in under three hours. Haifa Hapoel gained the honours in the men's and women's events, taking most first places. Esther Vislitzer also came first in the 100 metres breast and back stroke events, to gain three wins.

A Triple and Double

Her clubmate Me'ir Moses gained a "double" with victories in the 100 and 200 metres breast-stroke races, while another Haifa swimmer, Z. Segal, gained three wins in his youth section, capturing the 100 metres breast and back stroke races as well as the 200 metres breast-stroke. In this section, G. Ashkenazy, Tel Amal, clocked the very good time of 1:11.6 to win the 100 metres crawl.

RESULTS

MEN. 100m. crawl: 1) R. Dunkelski (Tiberias), 1:10.1. 100m. breast-stroke: 1) M. Moses (H'fa) 1:21.8. 100m. back-stroke: 1) D. Lanz (Tel Amal), 1:29.6. 200m. breast-stroke: 1) M. Moses (H'fa), 3:01.6. 400m. crawl: 1) E. Zussman (Gush Zvulun), 5:51.8. WOMEN: 100m. crawl: 1) Z. Hermon (H'fa), 1:38.5. 100m. breast-stroke: 1) E. Vislitzer (H'fa), 1:44.9. 100m. back: 1) E. Vislitzer (H'fa), 1:43.4. 200m. breast-stroke: 1) E. Vislitzer (H'fa), 3:29.3 (new Israel record). YOUTH. 100m. crawl: 1) G. Ashkenazy (Tel Amal), 1:11.6. 100m. breast-stroke: 1) Z. Segal (H'fa), 1:26.6. 100m. back: 1) Z. Segal (H'fa), 1:24.2. 200m. breast-stroke: 1) Z. Segal (H'fa), 3:13.2. 400m. crawl: 1) E. Rosen (Shi'at Ha'emakim), 6:19.3. Relay 3x100m. crawl: 1) Haifa Hapoel, 4:01.1. GIRLS (Teenage): 100m. crawl: 1) Amira Yehu (Tel Amal), 1:39.6. 100m. breast-stroke: 1) Na'a Moser (Tel Amal), 1:41.6. 200m. breast-stroke: 1) Elana Beisner (Gush Zvulun), 3:43.8. 400m. crawl: 1) Esther Levy (H'fa), 7:39.8. BOYS: 50m. crawl: 1) S. Cohen, 34.9 secs. 100m. breast-stroke: 1) A. Hillel (H'fa), 43.2 secs. 50m. back: 1) Y. Me'im (Kfar Ruppin), 52.1 secs. Relay 4x50m. crawl: 1) Gush Zvulun, 2:29.2. GIRLS (juniors): 50m. breast-stroke: 1) Yaheret (Gush Zvulun), 51.0 secs.

Teen-Agers Excel

Ghut Haim held their internal preparatory tournament for the Hapoel Championships the same day and some excellent performances were put up by the youngsters. Fifteen-year-old M. Shapir was the star, crawl in 1:11.4 and the 400m. crawl in 6:08.8. D. Agassi, the 100m. breast-stroke in 1:31.5 and 13-year-old Y. Mandelbaum the 100m. back event in 1:27.1. The youth side clocked 4:17.9 in the 1x100m. mixed relay, while the girl Hagit Rafaeli won the 50m. crawl in 41.0 seconds.

Mif'al Ha'asara Commemoration Meet

Maccabi's annual swimming and water polo meeting, named Mif'al Ha'asara, to commemorate the 10 Maccabi swimmers who gave their lives during the War of Independence, will this year be held at the Galei Gil pool on August 21, commencing at 4.30.

As usual the events will cover the styles in which each of the heroes was expert and each race will be for a "moving" trophy named after each of them. In addition the 10 x 50 metres relay will also be staged for the Cup of Ten, donated in memory of all of them.

Nahlat Jabotinsky Celebrations

Five new Betar records were set up at a sports meeting held at Nahlat Jabotinsky at the beginning of this month, part of the 13th Anniversary celebrations this month. The records were: Boys (14-16): Shot-put (3 kilos): M. Tamarkin (Nathanya), 12.0m. Long jump: A. Altman (Nathanya), 4.95m. Youths (16-18): 1000m.: Y. Marmore (T. Aviv), 3:45.9. Long jump: Yosef Cohen (T.A.), 5.27m. High jump: V. Avital (T.A.), 1.54m.

Among other results were Gals (14-16): 60m: V. Zvedluk (Benyamin), 9.5 secs. There was also a "Daddy" soccer match between parents and children in which the latter won, and hockey in five divisions.

H.E. — Mrs. Chiang Kai-shek, wife of the Nationalist Chinese leader, has arrived in San Francisco from Hawaii to undergo treatment for an aggravated skin ailment, said to be caused by nerves and complicated by a reaction to medicine.

2nd Olympic Contingent Due Back Today

The remainder of Israel's Olympic side, comprising the track and field team, shooting side, swimmer and diver, as well as their escorts, are due back home today aboard the "Negba," according to a telegram received from the delegation's leader.

Notice to the Public
STATE OF ISRAEL
MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT
& COMMUNICATIONS
POSTS TELEGRAPHS TELEPHONES & RADIO
Notice to the Public No. R/1/52
Transfer of Iron Masts

Tenders are invited for the transfer of 7 (seven) tubular iron Masts, 31 metres high, from the Radio Station at Bizbyan to the Station at Beit Jan — Kheiriya. The work comprises the dismantling of the masts, transport to new location and erection there.

Tenders Forms and further details may be obtained at the office of the Head of Engineering Services (R. & T.) Hakirya, Rehov "A," Hut 18A between 9 a.m. and 12 noon daily.

Every tender must be accompanied by a cheque certified by a well known bank amounting to 10 per cent of the amount quoted, to serve as a guarantee of good faith.

Tenders should be submitted to the Postmaster General, Jerusalem, within 15 days of publication of this notice. Enveloped should be marked:

"Tender for Transfer of 7 Masts."

The Director General does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

POSTMASTER GENERAL

Where to go

★ JERUSALEM ★

8-9: Jerusalem Biblical Zoo Reopens. Bus 15. Feeding times 2-3 p.m.

9-1; 3-6: Exhibitions: British Book Design 1952. Jewish Medicine through the Ages — on the occasion of the Second World Congress of Jewish Physicians in Jerusalem. Exhibit of the months: Dr. Ephraim Beers, etching, 1947 (S. 278, second state) by Rembrandt Harmensz van Rijn, on loan from the Schocken Library, Jerusalem. Bezalel Museum.

9-1: Art Library, Bezalel Museum.

9-4: Archaeological Exhibition, Dept. of Antiquities. Also: Temporary exhibition—Recent acquisitions: 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech.

10-5: Sanhedria Tombs.

11-1; 4-7: Exhibition of Children's Art Israel Touring Club, Tel Hai.

11.30-12.30 Film Shows at Keren Hayesod Head Office

★ TEL AVIV ★

10-6: Exhibition of silk, gouches and drawings by Leo Kahe. Museum.

8.30 p.m.: "Arsenic and Old Lace," Chamber Theatre, Mograbi Hall.

★ HAIFA ★

9-1.30: Theological and Scientific Library — Central Synagogue.

10-1; 4-6: Exhibitions of Applied Art in Israel, Municipal Museum, Town Hall.

★ NATHANYA ★

9 p.m.: Li-La-Lo Theatre, Sensational Revue, "Dinner is Served," "Shows."

'LACO'
CLEANS AND CHEMICALLY DYES SHOES
(suedeps and other kinds of leather) handbags, leather upholstery, leather coats, etc.
TEL AVIV: 13 a Allenby Road. Tel. 3879.
HAIFA: 1) 27 Rehov Hehalutz. 2) Grossberg Shoe Shop Merkaz Hacarmel.

DISSENT AMONG NEO-NAZIS

HANOVER, Monday (Reuter). The National Council of the Neo-Nazi Socialist Reich Party today expelled Count Wolf von Westarp, its former third Chairman, and confirmed its full confidence in Dr. Fritz Boris, First Chairman.

Count Westarp had laid down his party offices last Tuesday because of severe differences of opinion with Boris.

High British Officer Flies to Sarawak

SINGAPORE, Monday (Reuter). — General Robert Lockhart, Deputy Director of Operations in Malaya, yesterday flew to Kuching, the capital of the British colony of Sarawak, to advise the Government on how to deal with recent terrorist activity there.

A state of emergency was declared in the colony on August 9 to deal with terrorist action, believed to be Communist-inspired. This is Sarawak's first experience with this sort of guerrilla warfare Malaya has been battling since 1948.

HIT BY a swinging window near his bed while asleep on Saturday night, Mr. Shimon Finkelstein, 38, of Rehov Vervee, in Tel Aviv, was seriously injured in the head and lost consciousness. He was found lying in a pool of blood by members of his family. As the cause of the accident was not immediately apparent, the police were summoned and the man was taken to the Hadassah Hospital, where his wounds were stitched. He was sent home shortly afterwards.

DENIAL. — Miss Margaret Tibaon, who arrived in Stockholm by train yesterday from Copenhagen, emphatically denied rumours about a romance between herself and the Democratic presidential candidate, Governor Adlai Stevenson.

Histadrut Council To Meet in October

TEL AVIV, Monday. — The 66th meeting of the Histadrut Council will be held in Tel Aviv during the last week of the Knesset recess, at the end of October, the Histadrut Executive's Central Committee has decided.

At its meeting today the Central Committee heard a report on the activities of "Manoret Poalim", the Hapoen housing and construction company which has been building houses for its members outside the framework of the Histadrut veterans housing scheme. The Company had previously been owned by the Histadrut on terms of activities or to merge with the "Shikun" company. Representatives of various institutions were heard, and a decision is to be reached later.

At the opening of the meeting the secretary-general, Mr. M. Nemir, eulogized Mr. D.Z. Pinkas, the late Minister of Communications.

Egyptian Educator Gets UNESCO Post

PARIS, Monday. (INA). — Dr. Abbas Ammar, an Egyptian educator and social scientist, has been appointed director of the second of a world network of "fundamental education centres" now being set up by UNESCO. The scheme is designed to help harness education to the task of raising living standards.

The second centre, to be opened late this year, will serve the Arab world from Sirs el Layan, 70 kms. north of Cairo. The existing centre, in Mexico, is training a hundred Latin American students to be leaders in "fundamental education." Specialized teaching material, such as textbooks for adult illiterates, is also being developed there.

AT THE CINEMA

My Hero, Come...

"THE Adventures of Casanova" (Orion, J'lem), a British production, is a pompous and didactic account of the versatile adventurer and lover who is here portrayed more as an Italian National Hero. There are duels, midnight kisses, his imprisonment and escape. Arturo Cordova is quite imposing in the title role; Turhan Bey acts as Lorenzo, the Sicilian; and some of the leading ladies in Casanova's life are impersonated by Lucille Bremer and Noreen Nash. Paul Dessau is the musical supervisor. *FRANGO*

True Comedy

THE old football champion (Dean Martin) has aspirations that his son (Jerry Lewis) should follow in his footsteps. The offspring, however, suffers from a lack of self-confidence induced by his domineering sire. Thanks to the ministrations of his mother (Ruth Hussey) and the solicitude of his room-mate and a double crossing co-ed, Junior, as was to be expected, makes good. "That's My Boy" (Armon, Haifa) has an intelligent script, and psychological situations that contain true comedy. There are, at the same time, too many farcical cliches which detract from the possibilities of the film although they raise its box office value and amuse the audience more than a subtler style might have done. On the whole the father is well depicted and well played. *H.*

Jerusalem Cinemas

At 7 & 9 p.m.

ARNON: Feast and The Devil.
EDEN: The Light Touch.
EDISON: Faithful City.
ORION: The Adventures of Casanova.
STUDIO: Inspector General.
ZION: Ten Tall Men.

WANTED
FEMALE CLERK
(beginner)
Should know English and some Hebrew. Apply: Tel. 4243, Tel Aviv.

WIZO
Women's International Zionist Organisation
invites
members of the
HAZAMIR CHOIR
to a
Tea Party
Today, Aug. 15, 1952
at 4 p.m. at the WIZO CLUB,
21 Rehov Hayarkon,
Tel Aviv.

Special Concerts of the
YUGOSLAV CHOIR
which was recognized as the best of all the choirs participating in the CHOIR FESTIVALS. The choir has received so many proposals for concerts in this country, that they have decided to delay their departure for one week.
The first concert will be held on AUGUST 21 at the Y.M.C.A., JERUSALEM, and on August 24 the choir will perform at the Amphitheatre Ramat Gan and once at Nahariya. The programme consists of Yugoslav folk songs with A. PEGLER conducting and H. BLAU at the pianol and conductor. By special request they will perform folk songs and dances which are well known to the public from the performance of the Yugoslav Dance Group in this country.

NOTICE RE CHOIR FESTIVAL
IN response to numberless inquiries we would like to state that the Loudspeaker equipment at the Choir Festival was NOT provided by our firm.
Radio-Doctor, 4 Rehov Idelson, Tel. 5185, TEL AVIV.

The proprietors of Israel Patent 4183, the title of which is: "Improvements in or relating to Curtain Suspensions, Brackets, Necklaces, Girdles and the like are," are prepared to grant licences under their patent. Apply in writing to: Cohen Zedek & Spitzach, Regd. Patent Attorneys P.O.B. 1189, Tel Aviv.

PALBIT
INSURANCE AGENCY LTD
TEL AVIV, 4 ROTHSCHILD BLVD, TEL 3660
HAIFA, 10 BANE ST, TEL 60300
people you can rely on...

ON THE AIR

JERUSALEM 187 M., HAIFA 240 M., TEL AVIV: 41.6, 31.5 & 322 M.

FIRST PROGRAMME

NEWS: Hebrew 7 a.m., 7.30, 12.05, 1.30, 6.15, 8.30 & 11.00 p.m.; Arabic Programme (including News), 8.30 a.m., 2.15 & 6.30 p.m.

8.30 a.m. Service. 6.35 Exercises. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.35 Melodies (R). 8.30 Close Down.

10.30 a.m. Music While You Work (R). 11.00 "The Voice of the Violin" (R). 11.30 Military Bands (R). 11.40 Housewives' Corner. 12.02 Programme for Hospitals (R). 12.50 At the Opera (R). 1.45 Bengh for Music (R). 3.00 Close Down.

6.00 p.m. Variety. 6.45 Music. 6.30 Agricultural Corner. 6.50 Language Corner. 6.55 Children's Hour. 7.00 Variety. 7.04 Programme Announcements. 7.10 "Voice, Instrument and Orchestra" (R). 7.35 Sports. 7.45 Sneh's Ask. 8.15 Bible Reading. 8.40 Newsreel. 9.00 Kol Yisrael Orchestra. Conductor: Ethel Tirzk. Soloist: George Hess. Works by: Mozart, Sternberg & Mendelssohn. 10.30 Bagatelle (R). 11.00 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME

49m. 25m. 31m. 41.6 M.

English News 1.45 p.m., 10.45 p.m. French 2.00 p.m.

6.00 p.m. Chamber Music (R). 6.30 Programme for Youngsters. 8.30 Second Yemin Period Literature. 8.50 Music (R). 9.00 Music (R). 6.00 The Working Women. 6.15 Close Down.

Immigrant's Hour (13.5, 41.9 & 440 M.): French: 6.30 p.m.; Ladino: 7.00 p.m.; Yiddish: 7.30 p.m.

Kol Zion Lagolah (31.1 M.): 11.15. Newsreel. 11.30 International Conference of Israel Doctors.

ARMY PROGRAMME: (44.6, 214, 225 & 229 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Israel Songs. 7.00 Musical Programme by Dr. Grodzovitz. 7.30 Today's Events. 7.35 Interlude. 7.45 Noah's Ark. 8.10 News. 8.45 Quiz. 9.15 Dance Music. 10.00 Close Down.

VOICE OF AMERICA: Hebrew Programme: 9-9.30 p.m. (13, 16, 19 & 25 M.).

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS: (24.92 & 19.34 M.): 7.30 p.m. News. 7.40 Newsreel. 7.45 Israelis at Work. 7.48 Book Review.

Emergency Pharmacies

JERUSALEM: Brachstein, near Zion Cinema, 3104. Zaltzen Moshe, near Edison cinema, 4181.

TEL AVIV: Abramski, 43 Allenby, 3538. Zaslove, 37 Sheinkin, 3401. Dvora, 26 Ahad Ha'am, 4175. Bat Yehuda, 140 Ben Yehuda, 62198. Hashkva, Hashkva Qtr., 67404. JAFFA: Varjaw and Madger, 3 Rehov 248, 66793. RAMAT GAN: Ramat Gan, 31 Bialik. GIVATAYIM: Nega, opp. Fire Brigade. HAIFA: Schmidt, 41 Herzl, 4241. Intermediate, 39 Allenby, 2024. KIRYAT MOTZKIN: Motzkin, 7382.

M. WALLIN, IMPRESARIO, TEL. 66955, TEL AVIV
has pleasure in presenting
on Sat. Aug. 23 at 8.30 p.m. at the Ohel Shem, Tel Aviv
and on Wed., Aug. 24 at 8.30 p.m. at the Amphitheatre, Ramat Gan
the well-known vocalist and gifted comedian, star in Paris, London and Buenos Aires, and soloist for well-known jazz bands
HENRI GERRO
accompanied by augmented jazz-band.
Directed by Sam Samuli. Programme includes: Jazz songs, popular songs, melodies and hits in Hebrew, English and Yiddish. With the Israel public's favourite —
SUE COLEMAN
(of the Li-La-Lo Theatre)
TICKETS: Wallin Office, 1 Rehov Ben Yehuda, Tel Aviv, Hachalia, 37 Rehov Rishik, Ramat Gan and at the booking offices of the theatres on the evening of performances.

WORKERS BANK LTD.
TEL AVIV
Established 1921
HEAD OFFICE: 21 Rehov Montefiore
OFFICE: 126 Allenby Rd.
Branches:
North Tel Aviv, Jaffa, Holon, Bat Yam, Migdal Ascalon, Ramle, Lydda, Beersheba.
Every description of Banking business transacted.
Extensive Overseas Banking connections.
BANKERS FOR COOPERATIVE ECONOMY

Tour with YATOUR
HEAD OFFICE: JERUSALEM
TEL AVIV: TEL. 62343
JERUSALEM: TEL. 5333
HAIFA: TEL. 6466
GALILEE: GANEI NOFIM

Today's Post Bag

THE WEATHER

	8A	8	C	D
Rh. Cent'on	—	39	38	39
Haifa	—	—	—	31
Nathanya	48	33	31	39
Haifeya	44	39	31	39
Tel Aviv Port	—	—	—	39
Lydda Airport	39	39	32	33
Jerusalem	48	31	28	39
Beersheba	46	39	34	39

*At Standing at 3 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maxim. yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today.

• • •

THE MEETING of Israel members of the Zionist General Council will be held in the Keren Hayesod Hall in Jerusalem at 9.30 Thursday morning.

• • •

ABA AMRAM and his 12-year old son Itzhak, are suing the "Herut" daily for IL.2,000 in damages, for publishing last June that they had been unable to produce all IL.24,000 worth of goods in custody and alleging that they had committed the thefts.

• • •

THE EVANGELIC Church in Jerusalem presented the Tel Aviv Municipality with two and a half tons of heavy iron work for distribution among needy cases in the city. The Mayor has sent a formal letter of thanks to the Church.

• • •

A DETENTION prison able to hold 70 detainees was opened at the Yagur Police station yesterday. The prison will ease the great pressure on the detention prisons in the northern area, and men and women of all communities will be detained there. A further 70 places will be prepared in the prison during the next few weeks.

• • •

A POSTAL agency is to be opened this Thursday at Ramat Yohai in the Jezreel Valley.

• • •

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, reportedly worth IL.1,000 were stolen from the flat of Eliezer Soltzer at 1 Rehov Hahavazelet in Tel Aviv on Sunday night.

• • •

THE OWNER of a private car, Shmuel Bahir, of Tel Mond, who had taken 300 grams from a bird-keeper, Mr. Shlomo Ohayon, of Tel Aviv, for a trip in Tel Aviv was fined IL.50 by the Tel Aviv Magistrate yesterday.

• • •

APPLICATIONS FOR building permits submitted to the Tel Aviv Municipality last month were for 191 rooms. The figure for June was 479 and that for May 926.

• • •

THE NIGHT clerk of a Tel Aviv hotel was detained yesterday when IL.304, belonging to one of the guests, were found in his possession.

• • •

THE TEL AVIV Municipality has to date distributed IL.160,000 in loans to the victims of last winter's floods.

• • •

A FIRE destroyed 30 dunams of summer grain, property of the Mikve Israel agricultural school, in an area adjacent to the school yesterday.

MINISTER TO BRUSSELS

The Belgian Government has accepted the nomination of Mr. Joseph Ariel (Fischer) as the Israel Minister in Brussels.

Mr. Ariel, who was born in 1893 in Odessa, came to this country in 1924 and joined the Jewish National Fund. From 1925 until 1950, he served as Director of the Fund in France, and for the past two years he has headed the French Department at the Head Office of the J.N.F., in Jerusalem.

Ration News

JERUSALEM — Oils: 500 grams. Rice 24, temporary. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. Jam: 400 grams, coupon 332, temporary, 21. Meat: 100 grams, Gimel 36, temporary, 43. Meat for ill persons: 200 grams, Het Aleph 1, Het Bet 7, Gimel 7.

TEL AVIV — Eggs: 2, Rice 11, sugar 5, 6, 7. Oatmeal: 250 grams, Het 3, temporary, 47, 100 grams, bills. Cornflakes: 600 grams, Aleph cards, no coupons, temporary, 24. Rations for ill persons: Butter, 100 grams, Het Aleph 2, Het Bet 6. Het Gimel 7, 200 grams rations: eggs, 3, Het Aleph 3, Het Bet 7; 6, Het Gimel 7; rice, 500 grams, Het Aleph 3, Het Bet 7, Het Gimel 7. For persons not taking meals: Eggs, 3, Gimel 46, at sick rations stations.

HAIFA AND SAMARIA — Eggs: 2, Het 21, temporary, 9. Poultry for children: 250 grams, Aleph, Bet, Gimel, card, Var 11. Live carp: 150 grams, Mem 16, coupons 6, 7, 8, 9. Oatmeal: 250 grams, Het 3, coupon 2, 3, 4, 5, 9. Coffee and tea: May rations, coupons Lamed 5 and 15, temporary, 25, 26. Rations for ill persons: Eggs, 1, Het Bet 7; 4, Het Aleph 1; 6, Het Gimel 7; poultry, 500 grams, Het Bet 7. Rations for expectant mothers: Eggs, 16, coupon 15; poultry, 750 grams, coupon 4. Poultry for aged persons: 250 grams each, Nun 5, Nun 6. Rations for vegetarians: Oil, 250 grams, Nun 17, honey, 220 grams, Mem 7, 17; potatoes, 2 kilos, Mem 27; eggs, 16, Gimel 4, 7; peanuts, 1 kilo, Mem 37.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT — Eggs: 2, Het 21, temporary, 9. Fish: 170 grams, Mem 4, temporary, 38. Oatmeal: 250 grams, Het 3, temporary, 46. Bananas for infants: 500 grams, Aleph cards, Kof 25, temporary, 47.

NORTHERN DISTRICT — Meat: 100 grams, Gimel 36, temporary, 43.

TOMATO PRICES

Starting tomorrow, the price of grade "A" tomatoes will be 180 prutot per kilo and grade "B," 120 prutot.

Food, Electricity Force Up C-o-L Index

The five-point rise in the July Cost-of-Living Index is reflected mostly by higher prices for food, and electricity, according to figures released yesterday by the Central Bureau of Statistics and Economic Research.

Although all categories rose, substantial increases were noted particularly for taxes, textiles and footwear.

Higher food prices were registered for poultry, 25 per cent increase; carp, 22; lebeh and lebenia, 33; cottage cheese, 19; egg powder, 13; eggs, 11; and sweets 8.

Prices fell, however, for eggplant, green peppers, tomatoes, string beans, watermelons, and melons.

Higher power rates accounted for the increase in the rent and electricity category.

J'lem Doctors Find Way To Increase Serum Output

A new method of increasing by twelve times the output of an anti-cholera serum has been developed by two Jerusalem scientists, Dr. Walter Koch and Dr. Deborah Kaplan.

They have been invited by the World Health Organization to publish a full report of their work in its forthcoming bulletin. Particulars have already been published in "Nature," the British scientific periodical. (Itim)

MORE WORK AT HAIFA PORT

HAIFA, Monday. — More work has been done in the Port since the beginning of the week than there has been of late, and 44 of the 50 permanent gangs are now at work in the two shifts, Dr. Boris Stern, the U.N. Efficiency Expert, said here today.

He thought that by September work might return to its normal volume.

This week the norms fixing committee will start its deliberations to fix the standards for stevedores, Dr. Stern said. The committee will consist of four representatives of the workers, four of the contracting companies, one of the Port authority, and Dr. Stern himself. The final decision on the norms will be taken by the Histadrut Labour Output Council.

Fishing Boats Come From Sardinia

HAIFA, Monday.—The s.s. Hashlosha, which arrived here yesterday, brought six fishing boats, one of 25 tons, in tow from Sardinia. The large ship has refrigerated storage space for six tons of fish.

Two of the smaller boats were damaged on the way over and one during unloading here.

A group of 15 Sardinian fishermen who will serve as crew also came. With them was a man who in partnership with an Israel firm, wishes to start a fishing outfit in Eilat.

Christian Passengers Pleased with Negbah

HAIFA, Monday.—Two groups of Christian passengers who returned to Marseilles in the s.s. Negbah after her voyage with the Hazamir Choir members, have sent letters of appreciation to the Shoham company here.

The Abbé Maisonneuve, leader of a group of 70 clergymen-pilgrims, a Belgian member of the group, and one of a group of Cypriot passengers expressed their satisfaction with the accommodation, cleanliness, food and the crew's service.

The Abbé thanked the company for "a pleasant trip, the crew's courtesy, the conditions on board and the food, which were all satisfactory." He was also pleased with the arrangements to enable the pilgrims to hold religious services.

Tennis Team Invited To Play in Turkey

TEL AVIV, Monday. — Israel has been invited by the Turkish lawn tennis Federation to participate in its tournaments beginning in Istanbul on Friday. Mr. Aris Weiss left for Istanbul today to represent Israel and will meet there, among others, Mr. Henri Cochet, of France, and Mr. Gottfried von Cramm, of Germany.

Mrs. Cohen-Mintz and Mr. Yehuda Finkelkraut returned today from Cyprus where, together with Mr. Weiss they had beaten a selected Nicosia team 3:0 and a selected Trodos team 4:1.

Kibbutz Dafna Fetes Bar Mitzva Year

TIBERIAS, Monday. — The 13th anniversary of Kibbutz Dafna, in the Hulah valley, was celebrated at the settlement yesterday.

Mr. Avraham Bezzel, a Dafna veteran, opened the proceedings. Then, the greetings of the Kibbutz Hameuchad, the Histadrut Executive, the Agricultural Centre, and the Upper Galilee District Council were brought by representatives. The Council also decided to transfer the settlement to the Jewish National Fund Golden Book in recognition of its achievements.

A Dafna youth group, a hundred strong, presented a pageant which was the highlight of the evening, and a 45-minute film on the life of the kibbutz was shown. An exhibition of the work and crafts of the kibbutz was held in six of the school rooms.

English Firm to Sell Israel Products Abroad

Jerusalem POST Reporter

The English firm of Marks and Spencer has agreed to serve as agents for Israel products abroad, a Ministry of Commerce and Industry spokesman said yesterday in Jerusalem.

The Ministry's Export Centre is to use the Services of the Export Department of the English firm. Israel exporters will be asked to send samples of their products to the firm which will distribute them through its representatives throughout the world.

The Export Centre has been asked by Marks and Spencer to send samples of fruit juices, canned fruit, chocolate, etheric oils, combed wool cloth, shirts, ready-made clothes and cotton products.

The spokesman said that Marks and Spencer declared they do not want any share of the profits. It is expected that the firm will only receive payment for its actual expenses connected with the distribution of the products.

The firm's economic adviser served briefly this year as economic adviser to Dr. Dov Joseph, Minister of Commerce and Industry. Some months ago Marks and Spencer was mentioned in connection with a plan to sell Israel products to the British Forces in the Middle East.

300 Unemployed In Beersheba

BEERSHEBA, Monday. — A record figure of 300 unemployed was registered at the Labour Exchange here today. The unemployment is considered to be temporary, in view of existing wide-scale development plans for the city and the many Public Works Department jobs imminent in the Negev.

It is learned, however, that one of the important sources of employment, the construction of the "Phoenicia" glass factory and the "Charsh" ceramics works are at a standstill due to conflicts between "Solel Boneh" and "Amphal," the co-owners of both projects.

TECHNION ADVANCED STUDIES COURSE ENDS

HAIFA, Monday. — The second year of advance study courses for engineers and architects, has just ended at the Technion here. The courses were begun to teach engineers the latest developments in their field, and for general advanced studies.

The advanced study section was founded in 1957 by the Technion, the Engineers' and Architects' Society and the Technion Alumni Society. The section is now planning to extend its activities next year and to start a two to four week seminary during the summer.

CHELOUCHE PRIZE FOR FARM RESEARCH

The Chelouche Prize of the Jewish National Fund was awarded to Miss Hanna Lazarson, of Bet Alpha, and Mr. J. Manis, of Eilon, at a ceremony in the J.N.F. head office in Jerusalem on Sunday.

The IL.180 prize was divided between Miss Lazarson, for her work in improving melon strains, and Mr. Manis, for his invention of a tool to destroy weeds without harming vegetables.

UNLUCKY ACCIDENT

MIGDAL ASCALON, Monday (Itim). — Five sacks of wheat reportedly being transported without a licence from a village near here to Migdal Ascalon today were discovered as a result of an accident. The motorcycle and sidecar in which the grain was being carried overturned when the driver, Shalom Hassan, 22, of Migdal Ascalon, put on speed to avoid being stopped at a checkpost. He was arrested together with two passengers.

Kashmir Premier In Delhi for Talks

NEW DELHI, Monday (Reuter). — Sheikh Abdullah, Premier of Kashmir, arrived in Delhi from Srinagar, Kashmir, today for a last round of meetings with the Indian Government before talks in Geneva on the Kashmir dispute next week.

Defence Minister Gopal Ayyangar leaves for Geneva on Friday to meet Dr. Frank Graham, U.N. Representative for Kashmir.

Blues and Greens Make Forced Marches

By SHRAYA SHAPIRO
POST Military Correspondent

IN THE JUDEAN HILLS, Monday. — The operations map of the Central War Games Command frequently looks like a chess board with blue and green pieces scattered haphazardly.

Units of both sides often reach the enemy's rear lines after making night forced marches. A Blue unit infiltrated and established a temporary outpost on a hill within hearing distance of Green Headquarters. They remained undetected for almost 12 hours.

A Blue commando unit made a forced march for two successive nights and wreaked havoc with the vehicles parked in the enemy's mechanical maintenance base. A veteran battalion commander, who has led many infantry courses through these very hills, fell into a well — and almost drowned — while leading his men on a night attack.

A Blue unit that lost its way in the darkness, stumbled into a Green mortar position which it discovered when a Green soldier showed a light for a split second. The position was easily overrun and the Greens were left with a serious gap in their defence positions.

Almost anything can happen — and does. Men taking cover under fig trees in a wadi may not have the slightest idea about something going haywire on the reverse slopes of the hills which hide them. Each unit is thrown on its own and must use ingenuity to "survive."

Mule Important

Vehicles are not always useful since roads are often impassable. The humble mule becomes more important in bringing up supplies.

Most operations are carried out by walking from place to place. A man hauls from "a job" feels that only one thing really matters in the world: a cool, refreshing shower. But he may not get it until this stage of the Games is over.

It is significant that no marked differences were noted in the physical fitness and stamina of conscripts — who are believed to be better fed — and reservists. Reliance was placed by the behaviour of the men in the field. have noted that reservists often have excellent military judgment and the ability to bear extraordinary hardships.

A marked improvement in the security-mindedness of the men has been noted, according to the Manoeuvre Command's Security officer. A private captured a spy when he became suspicious of the man's questions.

S. African Resisters Ready To Go Underground

BLOEMFONTEIN, Monday (Reuter). — A skeleton committee is ready to take over the defiance against "unjust racial laws" if congress leaders are imprisoned, the African congress leader, Dr. J. Moroka, said today.

Twenty leaders of the campaign have been arrested in the last four days on charges of contravening the Suppression of Communism Act. Since the campaign started on June 26, 2,263 others have been arrested for non-European defiance activities.

The African National Congress and the South African Indian Congress will meet in Durban next Sunday to consider the progress of the campaign and to discuss future action.

Syrian Staff College At Homs Renamed

The Syrian Staff College at Homs has been renamed for the late Col. Suleiman el Kureidia, who fell in the Palestine War, ANA reports.

In a letter to the College, Col. Shishakly pointed to the bravery of the officer who was killed at Ayelet Hashahar.

TWO JEWS HELD BY LEGION

According to "A-Diffa," two persons from Israel gave themselves up to the Arab Legion after crossing the armistice lines near Jenin in the "Little Triangle" on Sunday morning.

They were reportedly transferred to Nablus where one was found to be a Jew from Portugal while the other was not identified. The reasons for their "escape" are not yet known, the Old City daily said.

Lebanon Wants To Transfer Its Refugees

"Lebanon has requested a foreign power" to induce Syria to accept its 10,000 Palestine refugees, an official spokesman in Beirut stated according to an ANA report yesterday. During their recent meeting in Damascus Col. Shishakly reportedly told Mr. John Blandford, Director of UNRWA, that Syria would refuse any additional refugees.

The decision to remove the Arab refugees from the Lebanon was based on the fear that the balance of religious communities by the addition of a large group of Moslems would disrupt the status quo.

ARAB SMUGGLERS HELD

HAIFA, Monday.—Two infiltrators were caught near here by customs and civilian police yesterday. The infiltrators were detained and allegedly smuggled goods found in their possession confiscated.

Customs Police also detained three Arabs, and confiscated 180 allegedly smuggled lighters which they were trying to sell. A Haifa resident, who was caught selling 300 smuggled sunglasses, was also detained.

MARAUDERS STEAL TWO MULES

Thieves made off with two mules, and abandoned two others, when a watchman, in the Jerusalem Corridor, opened fire on them Sunday night. The two stolen mules are valued at IL.800. Tracks led to the border.

MA'ARIV EDITOR PLEADS "NOT GUILTY"

TEL AVIV, Monday (ITIM).—Dr. Azriel Karlebach, editor of the "Ma'ariv" daily, today pleaded "not guilty" to charges by the Kna'anim group that in an editorial article last June he had proposed those of throwing the bomb into the house of the late Minister of Communications. The hearing will continue tomorrow.

Iraq, Jordan Extend Israel Trade Blockade to Cyprus

CAIRO, Monday (Reuter). — Iraq and Jordan today told the Arab League commission for the blockade of Israel they had suspended trade with Cyprus because it is alleged to be one of the chief centres for smuggling goods into Israel.

The commission met here to discuss ways of further tightening the blockade of Israel.

Lebanon promised closer supervision of the "free zone" in Beirut and a strict watch on merchants suspected of secret trading with Israel. Iraq, Jordan and Lebanon reported that they had banned the export of surplus war materials which in recent years were reported to have made their way to Israel.

Bey's Relative Says Agreement 'Unlikely'

LONDON, Monday (Reuter). — Hachemi Bey, 4th in succession to the Bey of Tunis, said in a letter to the "Manchester Guardian" today that the chances of compromise between Tunisia and France are "rather unlikely".

Since the establishment of the French Protectorate over Tunisia it has been officially reported that France was to lead the Tunisians towards self-government once they had attained a certain political maturity", he wrote.

"But the reforms which might have led the Tunisians to do so have always been delayed by the French themselves. For 70 years French policy in Tunisia has been one of oppression and misunderstanding.

"Many officials still believe that there is a chance of compromise between Tunisia and France. This is rather unlikely because of the stubbornness and ill will of some members of the French Assembly.

French Army Accused

After accusing the French Army of "savage and oppressive behaviour in recent years" Hachemi Bey continued: "A French deputy from Algiers said during the last debate on the Tunisian question in the Assembly that since the colonial powers had left Syria, Lebanon, India, Indonesia and Libya trouble had resigned in those countries. I believed that the Europeans nations including France herself did not attain their present political stability without long crises, revolutions, troubles and years of war.

"The general reforms which the Quai d'Orsay has promised to the Tunisian cabinet are not quite clear as to French intentions that is why Tunisian nationalists have rejected them or rather asked for amendments.

LESSON IN LONGEVITY

"Israel Cabinet ministers die in their prime, while Arab ministers enjoy too old an age, often remaining in office longer than desirable," "Falastin" writes editorially, commenting on a Jerusalem POST leader on the late D. Z. Pinkas.

Kaiser Claims Murder Attempt

TAHOE CITY, CALIFORNIA, Monday (Reuter).—Mr. Henry Kaiser, a wealthy industrialist, said that someone had tried to kill him by contaminating food served to him at Lake Tahoe.

Mrs. Kaiser, whose illness the guests blamed, complaining on one of the foods served the night before, was very ill with food poisoning. Mr. Kaiser, who had planned to play golf himself was joined with 3 golfing friends. The other three, which he had planned to play golf himself was joined with 3 golfing friends. The other three, which he had planned to play golf himself was joined with 3 golfing friends. The other three, which he

THE JERUSALEM POST

Founded as The Palestine Post in 1932. Published daily, except Saturday, in Jerusalem by the Palestine Post Ltd. Registered at the G.P.O.

Managing Editor: Gershon Agron.

Business Manager: Ivan E. Kagan. Editorial Office: 9 Hanamiyas St., P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem. Telephone, P.O.B. 81, Tel. 4222. (3 lines).

Tel Aviv Bureau: 29 Rehov Shenkin, P.O.B. 1125. Tel. 4221/2. (2 lines). Haifa: 1 Ehrett St., P.O.B. 50. Tel. 4224. (2 lines).

Subscription Inland IL.12.-pm. Foreign IL.20 p.a.

The right is reserved to make changes in the wording of advertisements or to postpone insertions when space is not available.

Tuesday, August 19, 1952
Av 18, 5712. — Elaph 28, 5711

ARMAMENTS and the Maintenance of huge armed forces are the bane of these times. Prussia has disappeared, but her ideal of a state based on soldiers and bureaucrats is still rampant. The world's pressing social problems could be solved with a fraction of the national defence budgets. But this is not to be, and though it is the cardinal issue of world politics, it affects smaller nations not less than the giants.

THE PEOPLE'S ARMY

The case of Israel lends a particularly pathetic accent to such reflections. Instead of being allowed to apply the last penny of its restricted resources to its unique task, the country must keep its armour intact and its manpower geared for defence. As long as conditions prevail under which there is neither war nor peace with its neighbours, so long will the Psalmist's words apply: "I am for peace, but when I speak, they are for war."

In this light the Bill extending military service to thirty months becomes inescapable. The most compelling of all the arguments in favour of the extension is the plain fact that every citizen of Israel may have to face forty potential enemies. The law of numbers does not, of course, always govern the fortunes of war, and the much abused saying that God is on the side of the strong battalions has been disproved more than once, but reasonable safeguards must be maintained. The reservoir of manpower may have been sufficient as long as immigration brought a sizable number of young people in the relevant age groups, but now that neither immigration nor natural increase can supply the required minimum, there seems to be a good case for the proposed extension on this count alone.

There are, however, other considerations. An army needs officers, and their training is a protracted process. Here again, a minimum must be maintained, all the more so if men hailing from Eastern countries are to be included in the cadre, as obviously they must be. It was gratifying that the Prime Minister, when he introduced the law in the Knesset yesterday, went out of his way to dispel the impression that there could be any distinction in this respect, or that the cultural level of an educated Jew from Egypt, Iraq, Turkey or Morocco, was not equal to that of Western Jews. What difference there may be, Mr. Ben Gurion rightly stressed, was due to the fact that large numbers of Oriental Jews had not been given a chance of such education, and that it was Israel's task to take up the slack.

In this process, the Army discharges an important function, not least as a vast testing ground for occupational training which eventually benefits the whole community. But all this takes time, and it is only due to our special circumstances that we cannot afford to abide by Jefferson's precept that education to citizenship should precede military training. One need not be a militarist to believe that a good soldier will always be a good citizen too; and if it takes six months more, that is an additional burden cheerfully to be borne. The public must accept it as a fact that the added six months are the result of careful estimates, and that while the figures are necessarily a military secret, the conclusions are inescapable.

The country will heartily subscribe to the words which the Prime Minister addressed to Egypt and Syria. The reminder that the distance between Damascus and Galilee is the same whichever way it is traversed, will not be lost on Syria's Dictator. As to Egypt, there is no ground for conflict between these two ancient neighbours separated by a vast desert; and nowhere will Egypt's new attempt to introduce long overdue reforms be followed with more sympathy than in Israel. If this endeavour should be accompanied by a rational attitude towards Israel, both countries would benefit, and with them the cause of peace in the Middle East. On such lines only is there hope that the burden of armaments can be lessened on all sides.

N.E.P. HITS PRIVATE CONTRACTORS AND HOUSE-HUNTERS

Rising Costs Slow Jerusalem Building

By ROBERT GARY

THE rate of new building in Jerusalem during each of the past two years has just about reached the 180,000 square metres peak which was touched in the years preceding World War II.

Municipal and Government authorities, whose job it is to keep tab on such matters, observed that building activity in Jerusalem zig-zagged in both the Arab and Jewish communities after 1939, reaching point zero in 1943, then slowly rose as the Nazis fell.

The highest point reached in the capital was in 1947 when about 170,000 square metres of floor space were erected. A sharp drop followed as a result of the War of Liberation and the departure of the bulk of the Arab community. Recovery in the rate of building, however, was fast and steady and levelled off at the 180,000 mark in the middle of 1950.

A line graph illustrating Jerusalem building activity through the years vividly portrays the hazards involved for anyone connected with the industry. Contractor and worker would almost get accustomed to eating regularly when some catastrophe—usually wars or riots — would force them to earn their bread in some other field. And since the building industry has always been one of the largest employers in Jerusalem a special effort has generally been made to keep this vital industry at peak.

Difficult Years

This was especially true in the years immediately following the War of Liberation. Jobs were scarce, there were few industries, and more important still, investors were loath to set themselves up in what was then considered a dangerously exposed sector. But the Government was determined not only to restore the number of the city's inhabitants to normal, but to keep the population figure steadily growing. To do this greater employment opportunities were needed, which is what the Government and the Jewish Agency set out to do.

The Jerusalem Economic Corporation was established and launched the new industrial centres in the Romema and Mekor Baruch quarters of the capital, which are today the seats of some of the biggest enterprises; the Histadrut started one of the first housing projects in the Kiryat Moshe quarter which is now almost completed; Ramco put up its project at the edge of the Katamon quarter; the job of setting up an entirely new community at Beth Mazmil was started by the Government, Municipality and the Histadrut; work got underway on the Binyanei Hauma; other Government housing projects were started in the Katamon and Mekor Haim quarters, later, the Palestine Land Development Company houses on Rehov Hillel and King George Avenue. By this time, not only were private enterprises being attracted to the capital and putting up their own plants, but private contractors got busy constructing new apartment houses and shops in various parts of the city.

Two types of housing development in Jerusalem. At left, a "cooperative" building of three-room flats erected by the Rassco Company in Katamon. At right is a four family unit built by the Government for new immigrants at Beth Mazmil. Photos by Schlesinger

That is how the building industry came into its own again during the past few years. According to the Statistical Bureau, from June, 1950, through May, 1951, municipal permits to build 221,870 square metres were issued. Of these, 149,371 square metres were for residential quarters, 134 for hotel and pension accommodation, 18,702 for business premises, 32,869 for industrial structures and 14,744 for public buildings.

New Hotels

From June, 1951 through May, 1952, the same peak trend continued although the total number of permits issued was smaller. For this 12-month period, building permits for 146,755 square metres were issued of which 61,525 square metres were for apartments, 8,213 for hotels and pensions, 13,778 for businesses, 40,353 for industry and 22,886 for public buildings. The outstanding observation to be made during this period was the jump in the number of permits for hotels. Two of the projects are in their final stages — the President Hotel in Talbieh and the Rehov Hillel Hotel—and work on the Capital Hotel on King George Avenue is scheduled to get under way soon.

The point should be made that not everyone who is issued a permit begins or finishes his building. The municipal building department, however, declared that about 80 per cent finish building and this figure has remained steady through the years.

Building costs, which have risen steadily, are a closely guarded professional secret in the industry. The Statistical Bureau and the Municipality have been unable to collect this information and have not pressed the builders. Almost all of the structures built by Government or public bodies have used materials allocated to them at the official prices while most of the private buildings for residential or hotel purposes have been built with much more costly non-payment import materials or with foreign capital invested in the form of building materials. Anxious to attract foreign investment to the capital, official bodies have mostly avoided "indiscreet questioning."

But the high cost of building finally caught up with the industry, especially in the past few months after the first effects of the New Economic Policy were felt. Once again private contractors and building workers were among the first to be hit and understood when Minister of Finance Levi Eshkol referred in his development budget speech to "deflationary tendencies in the country." Materials were available at a price, a very high price, and money became scarce. Even the most desperate house-hunter could not afford the new prices of apartments, especially with the loan restrictions, which also affected contractors.

Temporary Pinch

A definite recession has set in in the building industry, but experts in official circles claim the pinch is only temporary. Of Jerusalem's 1,300 unemployed workers, 500 are from the building industry. Still, the experts maintain that those workers thrown out of jobs by the drop in private building activity will be picked up by contractors working on public projects, such as at the Kiryat, the projected popular housing scheme units in Beth Mazmil, a Hapoel Hamizrahi housing project near the Katamon quarter and expanded activity at the Binyanei Hauoma. Those workers who are not employed will be those in the most unskilled categories; they will be directed into other employment, mostly in agriculture, which, after all, is one of the aims of the NEP.

But private contractors are by no means giving up, although many are taking up tenders for public projects. Many contractors feel that the prices of materials are bound to fall, together with the price of labour, all of which will result in overall decrease in building costs even though not to the extent of prices before the NEP went into effect. Furthermore, they figure that the public will get accustomed to the higher prices, and the ever-present thirst for housing will finally force people to buy even the higher-priced apartments.

This is the first of a series of articles on building in Jerusalem.

LATEST 'HOUSE-CLEANING' AIMED AT PASSIVE RESISTANCE

Czech Union Leaders Purged

By RICHARD LOWENTHAL

MUNICH. — THE latest removals of Communist officials in Czechoslovakia, above all of dozens of trade union leaders, suggest real difficulties, not in the Communist leadership, but between the regime and the working masses of the country.

The Western world has got so used to a constant stream of "purge news" from Russia's East European satellites that few people now tak- any interest when the removal of yet another group of unknown Communist officials, or the threatening pronouncements of yet another police chief, are reported. But what has been happening in the last few weeks in Czechoslovakia is rather out of the ordinary, both in the scale and the manner of the house-cleaning. Having purged more than 60 Communist Party secretaries as well as many leading Government officials only last December, after the arrest of the Communist Party Secretary, Rudolf Slansky, the rulers of Czechoslovakia deposed the entire trade union leadership last month, and are now proceeding to do the same with the leaders of the Communist youth organization.

Self-Propagating

The process seems destined to become as comprehensive and almost as self-propagating as the great Russian purges of the thirties. For instance, the chairman of the trade union council, Fero Zupka, who has now been deposed, had risen to his post only last year as a reward for his merit in helping to purge the Slovak nationalist opposition. But, in contrast to the great Russian witch hunt, many of the people now removed are not accused of being enemies of the regime, they are only being demoted as failures. Zupka himself, for instance, has been merely shifted back to Bratislava to resume control of the Slovak unions from which he rose to his recent eminence. In a few recent cases, like that of the youth leader Hejclar, the charge is still that of conspiracy with Slansky; in the majority of the cases, it is merely one of incompetence.

The first impression conveyed is that the regime is making the union leaders responsible for widespread failures of production. Figures of under-fulfilment of the national economic plan are liberally cited; special cases of the Moravska Ostrova coal mines and the Gottwald steelworks are mentioned as warning examples. But an examination of the statistics shows that some of these "failures" are artificially fabricated: in fact Czech heavy industry is far ahead of the original five-year plan laid down in the autumn of 1948 — it is only compared with the constant upward revisions of the target imposed by Russia that it has fallen behind. The original plan provided for a 66 per cent increase in heavy industrial output by the end of 1953; early last year, the target was almost doubled, to 130 per cent; yet in December the head of the plan commission asked for 150 per cent of the 1948 level to be reached in 1952.

Impossible Targets

What is happening then is not a failure of the Czech workers to produce what could have been reasonably expected of them, but an increasingly frantic effort to make them achieve the impossible. The effort is accompanied by steady changes of the wage system — hourly rates have almost disappeared, and the norms on which piece-rates are based are being constantly revised upwards. It is estimated that during the past year average wages have dropped by one-quarter even while productivity has been rising, and at the same time the food supply is estimated to be about 20 per cent below that of 1947, before the beginning of the plan. It is only natural that a limit is finally being reached in that process — a limit that seems to be showing itself in a rising percentage of wasted production as workers react to the incessant driving by poor quality of output, in growing resistance to further wage reductions and norm increases, and in mass grumbling. This grumbling has during the last six months spread even to the Communist rank and file and broken down the psychological barriers hitherto separating them from other groups of the population.

Democratic Memories

Czechoslovakia is the only Communist controlled country which has memories of a successful democratic regime, of an old tradition of industrial development, of free trade union action, and of a Western standard of living. That Czechoslovakia unions have to be purged four years after the Prague coup for failing to perform their new function as a kind of "performance police" suggests that these memories are not yet erased and that the old technique of passive resistance has not been altogether forgotten by the Czech workers. That is why the purge in Czechoslovakia is taking place on a scale unknown in the other satellite countries.

But the fact that the regime dares to state its intentions so blatantly that it does not shy from openly deposing the entire, allegedly elected, trade union leadership by decree from above and increasing direct police control of the factories at the same time, suggests that it is determined to break this resistance now, however unpopular its actions may be. The Communist leaders seem to have made up their minds that it is better to get certain internal conflicts over and done with now, whatever the cost, rather than let them drag on. (OPNI)

Readers' Letters

FRANCE'S AIMS

To the Editor of The POST

Sir, — It was with amazement that I read Mr. Sherman's comment on the Tunisian question under "Marginal Column" in your issue of July 22.

Mr. Sherman states that France conquered North Africa for the sake of "la gloire" and she has striven throughout systematically to impose and expand her influence. He loses sight of the fact that at the time when French influence was being established in North Africa, other powers had made even greater conquests in Africa and elsewhere.

It may not be out of place to emphasize the marked advance and progress achieved by the territories under the influence of France, in contrast to the slow benefits derived by the colonial populations under British rule; the unceasing feudal cruelties and injustices to which such defenceless populations are still being subjected with the consequences that now make glaring "headlines" almost every day, hardly need stressing.

The mere fact that the Tunisian nationalists now possess an intellectual elite, is in itself evidence of France's successful educative policy, and impartial visitors of the territory have had ample opportunities of satisfying themselves on this score.

Your writer is equally wanting in exactitude when he pretends that the Neo-Destour movement is not anti-Jewish. Evidently, so long as it has not come to power, the Neo-Destour movement would not act in so puerile a manner as to unmask itself and be branded anti-Jewish, before world opinion. Yet no sooner will Tunisia secure independence than it will follow in the wake of the other Arab States and join in the anti-Israel blockade.

I find it hard to believe that Mr. Sherman's memory fails him in remembering the repeated solemn assurances given to Jewry by Arab nationalists when these same leaders were on the opposition benches.

It is the valued guiding presence of France that offers Jewry in North Africa a comforting and welcome assurance and protection.

Yours etc.,
E. LEON

Tel Aviv, July 30.

HAIFA AND JERUSALEM ART NOTES

Festivals and Physicians

NOBODY who saw the crowd break into the Zichron Ya'acov Festival Exhibition, when it was closed at a prematurely early hour, will despair of the future of art in Israel. Of course some merely wanted their money's worth; others tried to recognise, in the pictures, places they knew. But there were also those who rallied to the paintings in themselves, such as Schwerin's drawing of a single tree against the horizon, an ordinary theme finely constructed; Brzezynska's watercolour of sunlight playing among trees and hills in neo-pointillism, or Lam's midday sun lighting up the woods.

The highlight of the show, in my opinion, was Simon's oil, "Road to Zichron," a view represented in a flat geometrical pattern of fields stretching to the sea, a blue central theme being repeated in the distant water. It was the most personal vision of all. Strangely enough, a similar mathematical approach was to be found in Blass's hills extending almost up to the limit of his canvas, but his colours were pitched in a minor key.

The show gave an average, if incomplete, cross-section of Israel painting. There were the customary studies in perspective — Rosochin's "Street in Zichron" where the hills close the view; Citron's "Looking towards Mafeya," a similar sunset theme offset by a front plane of trees. Orland was typical Orland. Iancov retains his Bartholdism but reveals acclimatization, for example, in his use of separate blocks of colours and in the suppression of wind. The abstract is to be found in Meber's "Road to Zichron," a study in blue. For the architectural, one could choose between the spontaneity of Emmengil's tumbledown houses and the more formal view between two buildings by Grossberd—the latter promising interesting possibilities if more care had been exercised. Krise's "Yemenite Woman" in heroic style was one of the few portraits; and, among the work by Zichronites, Sara Schechter's line of trees leading off into the distance had a certain charm.

Applied Art

The Municipality of Haifa is now showing the Exhibition of Applied Art already seen in Jerusalem and Tel Aviv. The display, as usual, is tastefully arranged and to the best advantage of the different exhibits. Gone are the days when applied art in this country meant simply a shoddy decorative. The present work combines both the functional and the aesthetic. H.

Artistic Doctors

STARS of the Medical Congress Exhibition at the Artists House were the two sculptors, Dr. S. Chamnitzer and Dr. M. Markovitz. Chamnitzer's "Philosopher" and "Prophet", Markovitz' "Pregnant Woman" and "Yemenite Boy", count among the best sculptures I have ever seen in a local exhibition. There being no doubt that the two are as good doctors as they are sculptors, their patients can congratulate themselves.

Professor Feigenbaum-Aryef, the only painter of oils in the exhibition, does not need to be introduced to Jerusalem's art lovers. From the collection of this sound colourist, "Sea Shore" and "Roses and Apples" are my choice. Dr. E. Steinitz has contributed three excellent and truly interesting landscapes. Their professional standard in colour and composition is so high that Steinitz' figural pieces in comparison impress one as amateurish.

The "Portrait" by Dr. L. Peretz is obviously a good likeness. However, the painter should devote more attention to the treatment of the surface which in these pictures gives the impression of a serious dermatological case. Dr. Sh. Doron is an orthodox cubist, even "Lake Huleh" has a squarely ruled surface in his pastel "Sunset".

The majority of our artistic doctors indulge in water colours. Dr. O. Blum's Negev landscapes are well conceived and sound topographical documents, reminiscent of Sven Hedin's desert pictures. Of Dr. Heilbronner's fine aquarelles I liked "Sea Shore" and "Ramat Rachel" best. Dr. Ogen is most efficient in pen and wash, as shown by "Wadi" and "Latrun". Drs. Blumenthal, Nassau and Neumann contributed pleasing little works. Th. F.M.

WATER COLOURS
by Gerda L. Cohen
AT SAENGER'S
Bezalel Shop, near Eden Hotel, Jerusalem.

"SWITZERLAND" General Insurance Company, Limited, Zurich

BALANCE OF ACCOUNTS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1950

ASSETS — Swiss Francs

1. Bonds of Shareholders .. 4,000,000.00
2. Cash in hand and at Bankers .. 14,745,158.04
3. House Property, Mortgage, Loans and Securities .. 28,184,688.60
4. Outstanding Premiums and Agents' Balances .. 7,598,859.05
5. Amounts due from other Insurance Companies and sundry Debtors .. 6,778,582.73
6. Deposits held by other Companies as Reserves, at interest .. 24,720,612.90
Total 86,026,910.82

LIABILITIES

1. Share Capital .. 10,000,00.00
2. Reserve Fund .. 5,000,000.00
3. Due to other Insurance Companies and sundry Creditors .. 6,592,651.58
4. Deposits retained from other Companies as Reserves, at interest .. 9,305,977.04
5. Reserves for pending losses and unexpired risks .. 50,727,000.00
6. Reserve for extraordinary losses .. 1,000,000.00
7. Profit and Loss Account .. 201,272.50
Dividend Fcs. 100,000.00
Share of Profits to the Board of Directors and Management .. " 30,000.00
Balance to be carried forward .. " 71,272.50
Fcs. 201,272.50
Total 86,026,910.82

CERTIFIED CORRECT STATEMENT
Zurich, April 28, 1951. G. ZELLWEGER, Manager of Accounting Department.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR 1950

RECEIPTS — Swiss Francs — Swiss Francs

1. Balance brought forward from 1949 .. 30,207.71
2. Reserve for unexpired risks brought forward from 1949: Marine 7,147,827.05; Fire and General business 3,366,000.00; Reinsurance 11,801,855.00 — 21,316,381.60
3. Reserve for pending losses brought forward from 1949 and previous years: Marine 20,054,742.00; Fire and General business 627,027.00; Reinsurance 8,150,636.00 — 28,728,405.00
4. Reserve for extraordinary losses brought forward from 1949 .. 1,000,000.00
5. Premiums less return premiums, rebate and brokerage: Marine 20,402,316.66; Fire and General business 10,356,263.20; Reinsurance 23,622,401.34 — 54,381,171.20
6. Interest .. 1,366,834.80
Total 116,171,909.37

EXPENDITURE

1. Reinsurance Premiums: Marine 2,779,271.85; Fire and General business 1,412,033.44; Reinsurance 10,010,007.11 — 13,201,444.10
2. Net amount of Losses paid less reinsurance recoveries: Marine 11,679,902.13; Fire and General business 1,313,838.16; Reinsurance 7,856,240.17 — 20,850,977.46
3. Commissions, Organization and Agency expenses: Marine 2,627,311.79; Fire and General business 1,745,343.79; Reinsurance 7,077,532.13 — 12,449,897.70
4. Expenses of Administration .. 2,325,800.40
5. Contribution to Provident Fund .. 291,220.40
6. Taxes .. 870,256.85
7. Depreciation of investments, loss on exchange, and doubtful debts .. 962,580.00
Total 50,956,216.81

RESERVE

Reserve for unexpired risks: Marine 7,147,158.60; Fire and General business 3,249,341.60; Reinsurance 14,316,307.60 — 24,811,824.80
Reserve for pending losses: Marine 24,632,925.00; Fire and General business 946,562.00; Reinsurance 5,886,222.50 — 31,465,113.50
Reserve for extraordinary losses .. 1,000,000.00 — 57,227,000.00
Net Profit 201,272.50

On behalf of the Board: W. M. ZELLER-BOPPELM, Chairman
On behalf of the Management: ERIKER BOSCH

Zurich, April 28, 1951.

ISRAEL PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1950

CREDIT: IL.
Profit transferred from Fire and Marine Insurance business .. 650,624
Interest not credited to other accounts .. 354,139
Loss for the year .. 197,252
IL.1,197,015

DEBIT: IL.
General expenses not debited to other accounts: Head Office .. 626,015; Local Offices .. 371,000
Appropriations: Income Taxes .. —
IL.1,197,015

"SWITZERLAND" General Insurance Company, Limited.
G. ZELLWEGER, Sub-Manager

Zurich, August 4, 1951.

General Agents for Israel:
SHOMRON — General Insurance Office Ltd. 19 Rehov Ahad Ha'am, Tel Aviv.